Stings/Bites/Envenomation (A60)

	F	E	O	P	D
SCENE SAFETY	X	X	X	X	
ASSESSMENT	X	X	X	X	
IDENTIFY CAUSE: if feasible and safe to do so, have animal transported for identification purposes. • **Bee/Wasp sting:** remove (scrape away) stinger. Cold packs may be applied to relieve pain. • **Spider bite/Scorpion sting**: **r**emove stinger. Cold packs may be applied to relieve pain. • **Snake envenomation:** avoid movement of the affected extremity, keeping extremity at or below heart level. **DO NOT APPLY ICE**. Monitor distal pulses. Circle any swelling and/or discoloration around bite mark(s) with a pen and note time. This measurement can be used as a baseline for determining the progress of swelling.	X	X	X	X	
PULSE OXIMETRY: apply and monitor		X	X	X	
CAPNOGRAPHY: apply and monitor				X	
OXYGEN: if pulse oximetry < 94% or signs of respiratory distress or hypoperfusion.	X	X	X	X	
ECG MONITOR: lead placement may be delegated. Treat as indicated.				X	
VASCULAR ACCESS: IV/IO, rate as indicated.				X	
MIDAZOLAM: if suspected Black Widow Spider bite and muscle spasms, refer to PAIN MANAGEMENT A91 as indicated.				X	